



Institute for New Economic Thinking





THE VALUE OF ROBUST STATISTICAL FORECASTS IN THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

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11th European Central Bank Conference on Forecasting techniques: Macroeconomic forecasting in abnormal times June 15-16, 2021















Climate Econometrics

OXFORE









Forecasting before a break





Forecasts for Italian total deaths from 6 to 12 March 2020. Source: www.doornik.com/COVID-19.

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Robust Forecasting during Covid-19

Recovery from a break





Forecasts for Italian total deaths from 7 to 13 March 2020. Source: www.doornik.com/COVID-19.

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Robust Forecasting during Covid-19

Forecast comparisons





9 July 2020

2 January 2021

9 June 2021

Forecast evaluation: Compare evolution of forecast performance with other forecasts. Many forecasts now available but few available near start of pandemic. Our forecasts fair well in comparison to epidemiological model forecasts, particularly at start as not much history to match evolution.

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View forecasts from economic model as a useful counterfactual.

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- In April 2020, econometric model predicted 1.55m people unemployed for the same period.
- Our statistical forecasting device predicted 1.32m people unemployed.

Interpreting this difference as a scenario, whereby the level of unemployment would have been 225,000 higher had furlough and other related policies not been implemented, suggests economic response was fundamental to holding unemployment down in first wave of pandemic.



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Forecasting under spotlight during pandemic. But data is messy: need methods that can handle non-stationary data subject to breaks, revisions and changes in policy.