

Table 1: Non-cash payment services in the euro area (second half of 2024)
(number of transactions in billions; value of transactions in EUR trillions)

	Number of transactions (billions)					Value of transactions (EUR trillions)				
	2023-H2	2024-H1	2024-H2	Percentage change vs 2023-H2	Share of 2024-H2*	2023-H2	2024-H1	2024-H2	Percentage change vs 2023-H2	Share of 2024-H2*
Total payment transactions involving non-MFIs, excluding cash withdrawals	71.49	71.86	77.62	+8.6%	-	112.62	113.51	116.91	+3.8%	-
Card payments	39.78	40.05	44.27	+11.3%	57.0%	1.58	1.55	1.72	+9.4%	1.5%
Initiated via remote payment channel	6.89	7.15	8.08	+17.3%	18.3%	0.41	0.43	0.49	+19.3%	28.4%
Initiated via non-remote payment channel	32.89	32.89	36.19	+10.0%	81.7%	1.17	1.12	1.23	+5.9%	71.6%
Electronic contactless payments	25.52	26.28	29.46	+15.5%	81.4%	0.70	0.70	0.80	+15.1%	65.1%
Credit transfers**	15.13	15.58	16.23	+7.3%	20.9%	104.58	105.25	108.32	+3.6%	92.7%
Initiated in paper-based form	0.94	0.90	0.92	-2.2%	5.6%	7.83	8.02	7.77	-0.7%	7.2%
Initiated electronically	13.85	14.36	14.99	+8.2%	92.3%	93.74	93.85	97.02	+3.5%	89.6%
Direct debits	11.01	11.01	11.44	+3.9%	14.7%	5.01	5.31	5.43	+8.2%	4.6%
Consent given via electronic mandate	1.27	1.31	1.32	+4.1%	11.6%	0.74	0.70	0.76	+3.7%	14.1%
Consent given in other forms	9.74	9.69	10.12	+3.9%	88.4%	4.28	4.61	4.66	+9.0%	85.9%
E-money payments	4.51	4.21	4.62	+2.6%	6.0%	0.25	0.25	0.29	+15.8%	0.2%
With cards on which e-money can be stored directly	0.37	0.34	0.21	-42.3%	4.6%	0.03	0.03	0.02	-34.8%	6.7%
With e-money accounts	4.14	3.88	4.41	+6.7%	95.4%	0.22	0.22	0.27	+22.6%	93.3%
Remaining payment services***	1.06	1.01	1.05	-1.0%	1.3%	1.20	1.14	1.14	-4.4%	1.0%

Source: ECB

* For card payments, credit transfers; direct debits; e-money and remaining payments services, shares are calculated over the total payment transactions. For their subcomponents, shares are calculated over the corresponding direct aggregate, as displayed in the table. For credit transfers, there is an insignificant residual third subcomponent "Other" which is not displayed in the table and which covers all cases of credit transfers which are initiated non-electronically but not in paper-based form, e.g. mail order or telephone order (MOTO) transactions.

** Credit transfers also include SEPA instant credit transfers.

*** Remaining payment services include: cheques, money remittances and other payment services as defined in Regulation ECB/2020/59 amending Regulation ECB/2013/43 on payments statistics.

Table 2: Relative importance of the main payment instruments in the euro area countries in the second half of 2024
(percentages of total number of transactions*)

		Card payments		Credit transfers		Direct debits		E-money payments	
		2024-H2	Change from 2023-H2 (pp)	2024-H2	Change from 2023-H2 (pp)	2024-H2	Change from 2023-H2 (pp)	2024-H2	Change from 2023-H2 (pp)
Belgium	BE	59.1	0.2	30.6	-0.2	8.1	-0.1	0.7	0.0
Germany	DE	43.5	1.7	24.2	-0.6	32.0	-1.1	0.1	0.0
Estonia	EE	64.9	0.0	35.1	0.0	-	-	-	-
Ireland	IE	64.2	-0.5	20.2	1.1	3.8	-0.4	8.2	-1.1
Greece	GR	73.8	-0.3	22.4	-0.4	1.1	-0.1	1.5	0.9
Spain	ES	67.6	0.3	16.9	0.6	12.5	-1.0	1.6	0.2
France	FR	64.6	0.7	18.0	-0.2	14.6	-0.1	0.3	0.0
Croatia	HR	59.9	0.7	31.8	-1.2	1.3	-0.1	5.6	1.7
Italy	IT	56.6	1.2	15.0	-0.9	9.0	-0.2	16.9	0.3
Cyprus	CY	74.0	1.1	15.9	0.9	4.0	-1.0	3.6	0.2
Latvia	LV	61.0	0.1	35.9	-0.3	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.2
Lithuania	LT	79.5	1.7	15.4	-1.0	0.1	0.0	3.3	-0.9
Luxembourg**	LU	8.2	1.5	2.3	0.2	0.6	0.0	88.6	-1.8
Malta	MT	51.3	-5.0	8.8	-0.5	-	-	-	-
Netherlands	NL	50.4	0.8	32.0	0.2	17.3	-1.0	0.1	0.0
Austria	AT	58.3	1.9	24.1	-1.0	16.0	-0.9	0.6	0.3
Portugal	PT	78.6	3.3	9.7	-1.1	7.6	-1.3	2.3	-0.3
Slovenia	SI	62.6	3.8	28.1	-2.1	5.8	-1.1	0.7	0.0
Slovakia	SK	67.5	1.6	30.2	-1.5	2.0	-0.2	0.1	0.0
Finland	FI	64.8	-1.1	34.9	1.7	-	-	-	-

Source: ECB.

* Percentages may not add up to 100% as remaining payment services, being cheques, money remittances and other payment services, are not shown. A dash (-) indicates data are not available or not applicable, a dot (.) indicates that data are confidential.

** In the special case of Luxembourg, a very high number of e-money payments are executed on accounts held in their vast majority by non-residents but recorded in the Luxembourg data due to the methodology applied.

Therefore, the relative importance of all the other payment instruments in Luxembourg, as presented in the table, appears to be lower than their actual domestic importance.

When disregarding e-money, the relative importance of the main payment instruments in the second half of 2024 is as follows: card payments (71.7%), credit transfers (20.2%), direct debits (5.2%).